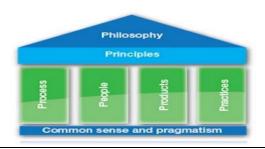


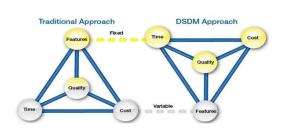
AgilePM® Quick Reference Guide



The Composition of DSDM



Project Variables



DSDM fixes Time, Cost and Quality at the end of Foundations and contingency is managed by varying features

The Principles



need







Never compromise quality



Build incrementally from firm foundations



Develop iteratively



Communicate continuously and clearly



Demonstrate control

Instrumental Success Factors



Embrace the DSDM Approach



Effective Solution Development Team



Business Engagement Active and Ongoing



Iterative
Development,
Integrated
Testing and
Incremental
Delivery



Transparency

Practices

Facilitated Workshop



MoSCoW

Must have
Should have
Could have
----Won't have this
time

Iterative Development



Modelling



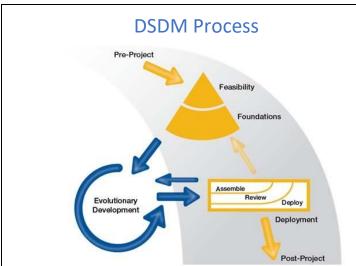
Timeboxing











Pre-Project - right projects are started based on a clearly defined objectives and are set up correctly **Feasibility** - assess whether a proposed project is viable from both a business and technical perspective.

Foundations - establishes a firm and enduring foundation for the project and how it will meet the needs of the business. The detail of the solution is limited so that it does not constrain the way the solution evolves.

Evolutionary Development - working within Timeboxes, the Solution Development Team create the solution increments, iteratively exploring the low level detail and testing continuously as they move forward.

Deployment - brings a baseline of the solution into live use and act as a review point prior to deployment of future development work. There may be a number of passes through deployment. After the last realise project is closed.

Post-Project - takes place after the final planned deployment of the solution to reflect on the performance of the project in terms of the business value actually achieved.

